

LMI Tuesday

Session 2022-2: What is the difference between LEAD data and other sources?

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Jeff Rosenthal Senior Labor Market Analyst Labor & Economic Analysis Division NC Department of Commerce

Jamie Vaughn

Senior Analyst for Market Intelligence

Labor & Economic Analysis Division

NC Department of Commerce

Sources of LMI data

Sources from LEAD:



Sources of other governmental agencies:





Private Sources of data:

Data from Government Sources

- Governmental Agencies are mostly the generators of the data
 - \circ Collection
 - \circ Analysis
 - \circ Distribution
- Must abide by laws
 - $\circ \text{ Guidelines}$
 - \circ Confidentiality/Suppression
 - \circ Consistency
- Limited geographies available
- State data is combined to generate regional and national numbers

What about NCWorks?

NCWorks has a mix of Governmental LMI and their own real-time data

Governmental Data	NCWorks Generated Real-Time Data	Hybrid Data
Unemployment Rate (LAUS)	Top Industries with Job Openings	Unemployed per Job Opening
Current Employment Statistics (CES)	Occupations by Advertised Salary	Ed. Level of Job & Candidates
Industry Employment (QCEW)	Jobs Available	
Industry Wages (QCEW)	Job Candidates Available	
Occupational Wages (OEWS)	Job Candidates by Occupational Group	
Population (Census)	Advertised Job Skills	
Income (Census)	Advertised Tools and Technology	
Industry & Occupation Projections (LEAD)	Employers by Number of Job Openings	
Labor Force (LAUS)	Candidates per Job	

Always look at the source..

Employment Wage Statistics



Α

This section shows estimated average wage information for Q2 2021.

Click a column title to sort.

Area	Number of Employees	Average Hourly Wage†	Average Weekly Wage	Average Annual Wage†
Wake County	579,409	\$32.03	\$1,281	\$66,612
Raleigh, NC MSA	644,679	\$30.98	\$1,239	\$64,428
Capital Area WDB	632,505	\$31.13	\$1,245	\$64,740
North Central Region	1,140,133	\$30.48	\$1,219	\$63,388
North Carolina	4,485,571	\$27.30	\$1,092	\$56,784

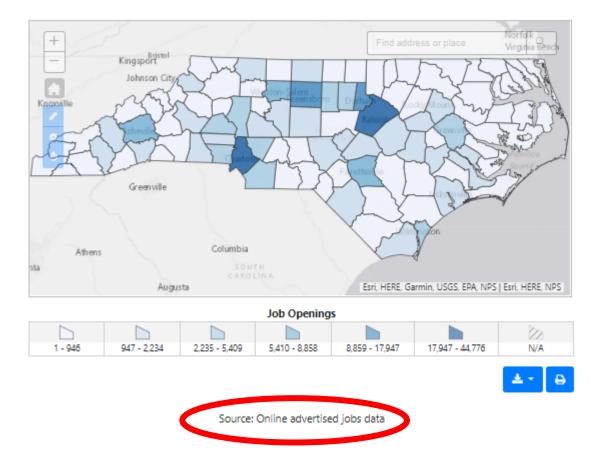
+ Assumes a 40-hour week worked the year round.

Source: Labor & Economic Analysis Division, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) Program

Jobs Area Distribution 🖪

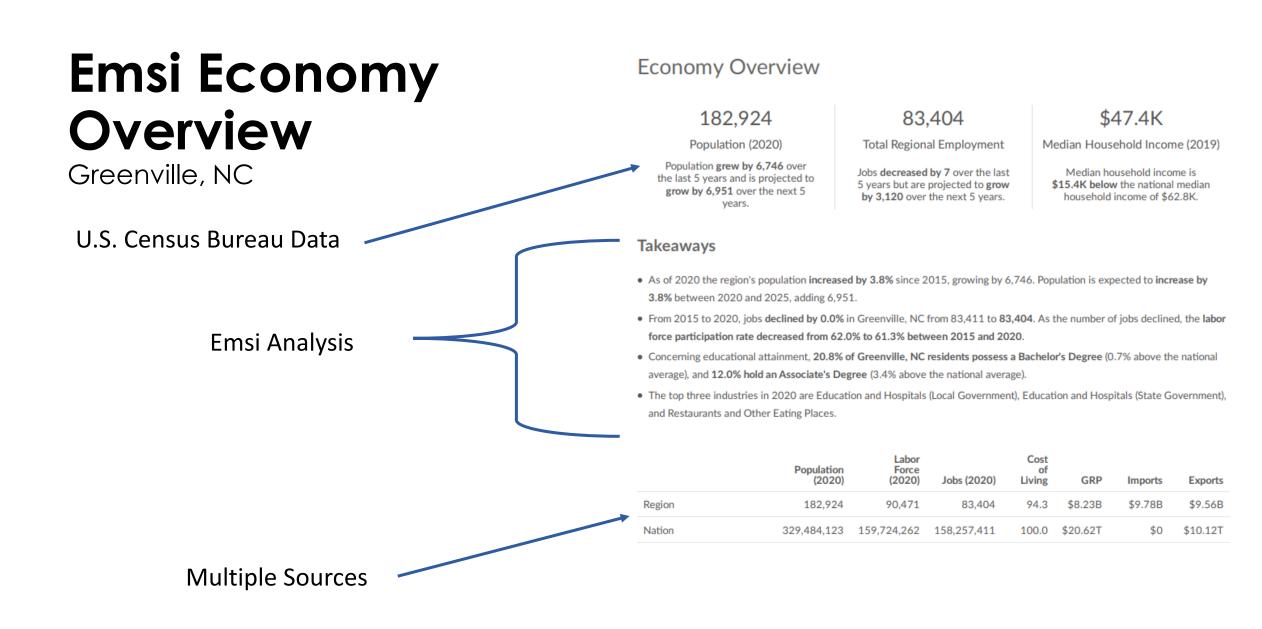


This section shows the distribution number of job openings advertised online in North Carolina by counties on January 10, 2022 (Jobs De-duplication Level 2).



Data from Private Sources

- Provide data at geographies not available through Government Sources
 - $\,\circ\,$ Start with publicly available Government Data sources
 - Economists apply formulas to "estimate" values at smaller geographies
- Perform additional analysis
 - \circ Custom geographies
 - \circ Drive-time or distance radius
 - $\,\circ\,$ Comparison of different areas
- Often a one-stop shop for multiple data points
 - $\,\circ\,$ Package data nicely for quick sharing
 - PDF / Word / Excel / CSV



Dec 2020 Labor Force Breakdown

Emsi Economy Overview Greenville, NC

	 16+ Civilian Non-Institutionalized Population
	Not in Labor Force (16+)
	Labor Force
32,924	 Employed
Julation	Unemployed
	 Under 16, Military, and institutionalized Population

Educational Attainment

Concerning educational attainment, **20.8% of Greenville**, **NC residents possess a Bachelor's Degree** (0.7% above the national average), and **12.0% hold an Associate's Degree** (3.4% above the national average).

		% of Population	Population
•	Less Than 9th Grade	2.9%	3,309
•	9th Grade to 12th Grade	7.6%	8,596
•	High School Diploma	23.6%	26,664
•	Some College	20.6%	23,292
•	Associate's Degree	12.0%	13,604
•	Bachelor's Degree	20.8%	23,483
•	Graduate Degree and Higher	12.5%	14,109

Population 147,592

> 57,121 90,471

> 84,894 5,577 35,332

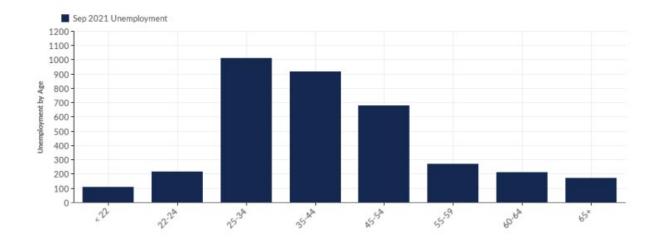
U.S. Census Bureau Data

Emsi Economy Overview Greenville, NC

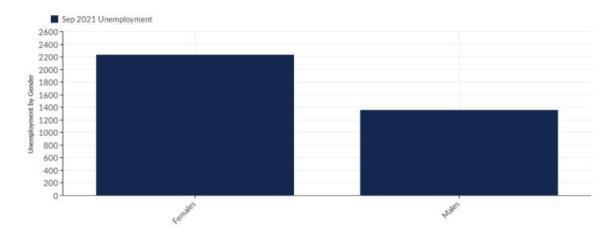
Emsi estimates from LAUS data

Unemployment by Demographics

Unemployment by Age



Unemployment by Gender



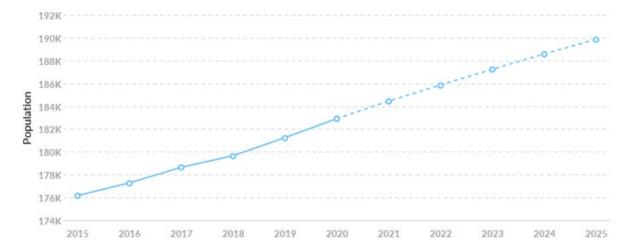
Emsi Economy Overview Greenville, NC

Available from OSBM – Facts and Figures

Historic & Projected Trends

Population Trends

As of 2020 the region's population increased by 3.8% since 2015, growing by 6,746. Population is expected to increase by 3.8% between 2020 and 2025, adding 6,951.



Compare D4 data with EMSI (example A)

- Plumbers in Tyrrell County, NC
 - <u>D4</u>:
 - (no data available at this level- part of Northeast Coastal NC Nonmetropolitan Area):
 - Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters (SOC 47-2152): 360 in <u>14 county region</u> (May 2020)
 - EMSI:
 - **13** if check 'employees' (14 if we include 'self-employed') (2020 data)
 - They also have demographic details like: 4/12 of these jobs are held by people under age 35, and also race/ethnicity, gender, and (at national level)- Educational Attainment

Compare D4 data with EMSI (example B)

- Veterinarians in Raleigh MSA
 - <u>D4</u>:
 - Veterinarians (SOC 29-1131): 610 (May 2020)
 - EMSI:
 - **639** if check 'employees' (697 if we include 'self-employed') (2020 data)
 - They also have demographic details and industry details

When to Use Governmental Data or Private Data

Governmental Source	Private Source
Always(if you can)	When you can't use governmental data
Roadblocks:	When you do not have time and/or expertise to use governmental data.
Geography does not match up or is too small	
Time period does not match up, often too current or in future	
2020 (for ACS, at least)	



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Questions?

Jamie Vaughn

Jeff Rosenthal

jeff.rosenthal@nccommerce.com

jamie.vaughn@nccommerce.com

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Topic for February 1

Session 2022-3: Non-Covered Work

What is non-covered work, and how do we get data on it?



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Thank You!

Jamie Vaughn

Jeff Rosenthal

jeff.rosenthal@nccommerce.com

jamie.vaughn@nccommerce.com

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